Municipal Debt Issuance Process For Public Projects (Debt 201)

September 27, 2018



Debt 201 Overview



- Concepts Covered in Debt 101
- History of Bond Elections
- Bond Election Details
- Bond Sale Progress
- Lessons Learned
- Managing Capacity
- Long-term Needs
- Prioritization of Future Projects
- Bond Election Development Process
- Bond Election Schedule



Concepts Covered in Debt 101 ADDISON



Concepts Covered in Debt 101









How municipal debt is different from personal and corporate debt

Use of municipal debt

Alternatives to issuing debt and the impact

Importance of bond ratings







Review of Town of Addison's existing debt

Addison's 10year debt capacity analysis Process and legal requirements for issuing municipal debt



Where we left off..



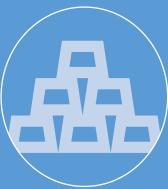
Evaluate
Capital
Improvement
Projects



Complete ADA Transition Plan



Complete
Asset
Management
Plan

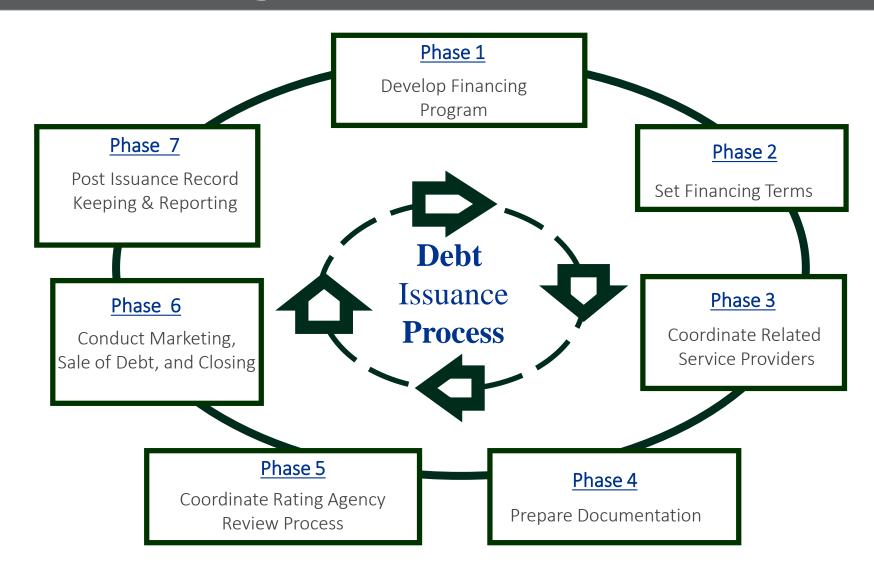


Evaluate and prioritize needs versus capacity



Process for Issuing Debt





Debt Issuance Process





Council passes resolution authorizing Notice of Intent Publications for Certificates of Obligation



Publication of Notice of Intent to Issue Certificates of Obligation



Agency rating conference call



Second Publication of Notice of Intent to Issue Certificates of Obligation



Receive ratings



City adopts Bond Ordinance and approves sale



Airport Customs
Facility
\$7M (FY2019)

Direction to move forward with use of COs from Council on August 14, 2018

Short-term Debt



Issuances to implement adopted Utility Rate model in January 2018



Future Debt Discussion



Midway Road \$40M Est. Total Project Cost

Additional funds needed to complete project approved in 2012 Bond Election



Addison Grove \$4.25 – \$6.25M (TBD)

Identify funding sources



History of Bond Elections





2000

\$48M



Bond Election History 1988 – 2018



2008

\$58M





2012

\$55M





Bond Election Details

Since 2000





2000 Bond Election

All projects Complete



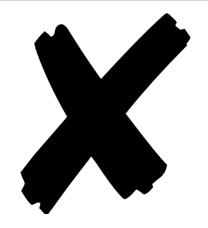
- ✓ Proposition 1: Extension of Arapaho Rd- \$20,500,000
- ✓ Proposition 2: Street Improvements-\$11,500,000
- ✓ Proposition 3: Belt Line Road Utilities/Streetscape- \$11,000,000
- ✓ Proposition 4: Town Hall Purchase-\$1,300,000
- ✓ Proposition 5: Athletic Club Expansion- \$3,000,000
- ✓ Proposition 6: Outdoor Leisure Pool -\$725,000

Voter Authorized
February 2000
\$48,025,000



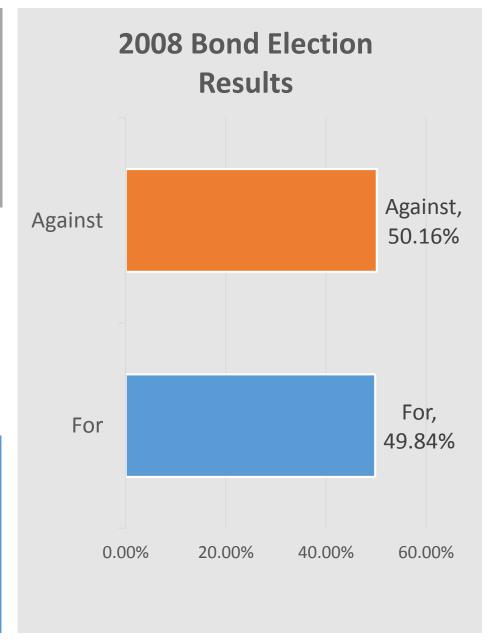
2008 Bond Election

Election Failed



Cultural Facilities \$58,000,000

- > New theatre
- > aviation museum
- parking
- > conference space





2012 Bond Election

All Propositions Passed



Voter Authorized May 2012 \$55,000,000

- ✓ Proposition 1: Streets Improvements \$29,500,000
 - ✓ Midway Rd \$16,000,000
 - ✓ Vitruvian \$10,000,000
 - ✓ Belt Line Signage \$500,000
 - ✓ Land Acquisition for Streets -\$3,000,000
- ✓ Proposition 2: Belt Line Utilities -\$10,000,000
- ✓ Proposition 3: Airport Land Acquisition - \$7,000,000
- ✓ Proposition 4: Arts & Events Land Acquisition - \$3,000,000
- ✓ Proposition 5: Wireless Network -\$2,000,000
- ✓ Proposition 6: Pedestrian Connectivity -\$3,500,000

Bond Sale Progress



Debt Sold in August 2012



2000 Bond Election

Belt Line Road Utilities

\$10.83M

Multi-phase initiative to update the streetscape and move utilities to a safer and less obtrusive location

2012 Bond Election

Belt Line Signage

\$500K

Acquisition

Street Land

Pedestrian Connectivity

\$3.5M

Improvements to the Town's parks and trail systems

Wireless Network Infrastructure

\$2M

City-wide wireless applications and secure network infrastructure for first responders

Permanent Electronic signage structure on Belt Line Road

\$3M

Acquisition of property necessary for construction or extension

Debt Sold in August 2012



Vitruvian Park

\$10M

Improvements for water, wastewater and street infrastructure improvements, including drainage infrastructure, within the Vitruvian Park area of the Town

Public Safety Radio Replacement

\$5M

Acquiring and installing radio and telecommunication equipment for Town public safety operations

Debt Sold in July 2013



2012 Bond Election

Airport Land Acquisition

\$7M

Acquisition of land for improvements, additions, and access to Airport

Midway Road

\$1M

Reconstruction from Spring Valley Road to Keller Springs Road

Certificates of Obligation

Airport Improvements*

\$3M

Improvements for facilities and infrastructure at Addison Airport Stormwater Improvements*

\$7.5M

Improvements for City drainage and stormwater infrastructure and facilities

*Self-Supporting

Debt Sold in March 2014



2012 Bond Election

Belt Line Road Utilities

\$10M

Multi-phase initiative to update the streetscape and move utilities to a safer and less obtrusive location

Midway Road

\$2M

Reconstruction from Spring Valley Road to Keller Springs Road **Certificates of Obligation**

Water & Sewer Improvements*

\$7.5M

Capital Projects to improve or maintain existing infrastructure

*Self-Supporting

Remaining Debt to be Issued



Vitruvian Park

\$16M

\$6M – Certificates of Obligation \$10M – 2012 Bond Election Midway Road

\$13M

2012 Bond Election

Arts & Events
Land
Acquisition

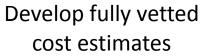
\$3M

2012 Bond Election



Lessons learned from prior issuances







Consider availability of project resources



Align debt issuances with town's strategic plans and community needs



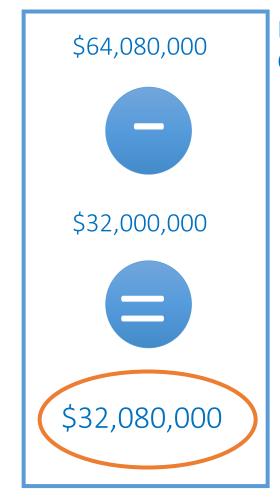
Managing Capacity



Tax-Supported Debt – 10-Year Capacity at Current I&S Rate



- Underlying Assumptions to Maintain Capacity
 - Based on the Town's existing I&S tax rate of \$0.142846 and Town Officials' tax base growth projections
 - Each additional \$0.01 of debt service tax rate equals approximately \$9.4 million of additional capacity (the inverse applies as well)



Estimated 10-Year Capacity

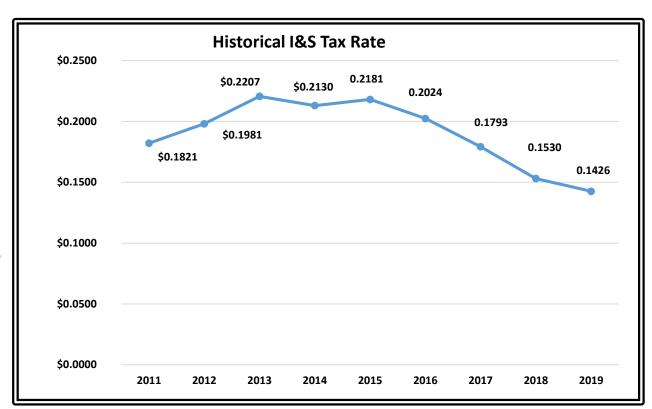
Committed but unused General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation

Remaining Tax-Supported Capacity

Historical I&S Tax Rate



- As the Town's taxable value has grown, the I&S tax rate has declined by over \$0.075 from Fiscal Year End (FYE) 2015 to FYE 2018
- Each penny of I&S tax rate is equal to approximately \$9.4 million of debt capacity (20 year amortization)
- 'Truth in Taxation' under State Law is specific as it relates to cities; limited options are available to preserve the Town's I&S tax rate





Identify Long-term Needs



Evaluate Capital Improvement Projects

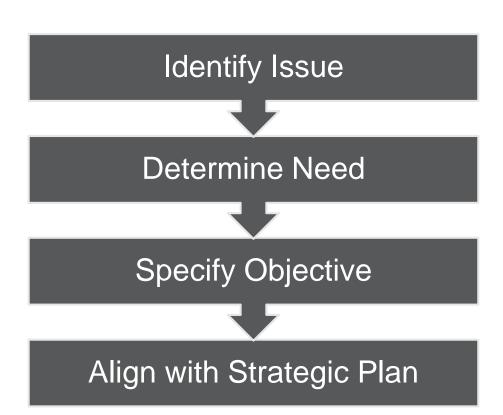
 Several large capital projects have been identified and it has been determined that there is an immediate need to address.

Complete Asset Management Plan

Town has aging infrastructure that is in need of repair/replacement.

Complete ADA Transition Plan

 Make programs and services accessible to persons with disabilities.

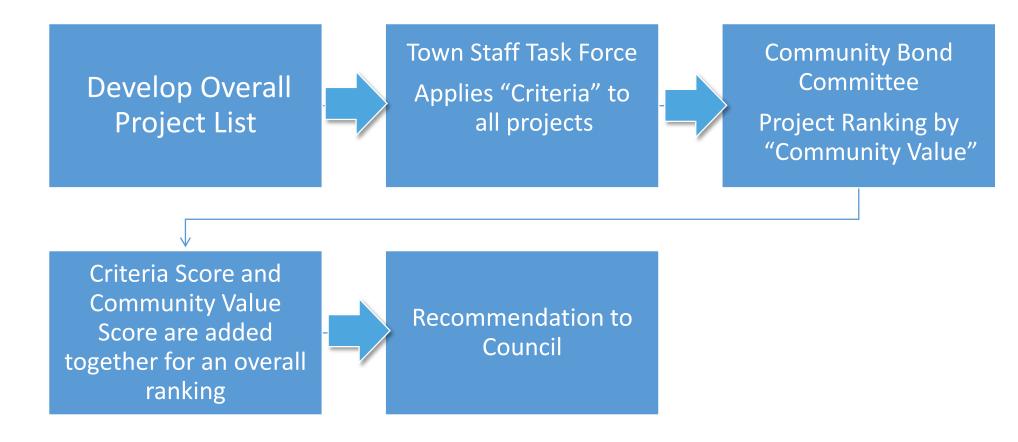


Prioritization of Future Projects



Project Process Decision Hierarchy





Bond Election Development Process



Bond Election Development Process



Inventory

• Develop Project Inventory/Listing

Direction

• Obtain Policy Direction from Council

Public Input

 Collect Public Input and Hold Council Briefing on recommendations

Committee

• Establish Bond Advisory Committee

Recommendations

 Bond Advisory Committee Provide Recommendations

Election Schedule

• Determine Bond Election Schedule Options

Election

Hold Election

Financing

• Consider Financing Options

Bond Election Schedule*



Bond Election Preparation Time Commitment



Tasks	Preparation Time*
Project Inventory	1 month
Various Council Briefings	1-2 months
Public Input	1-2 months
Bond Committee	3-4 months
Bond Election Process	4 months
Total Time	11-13 months

*Based on conservative time estimates

Nov 2019

Call Election by August 2019 May 2020

Call Election by February 2020

Bond Election Schedule Options*



Updated per JP - Bracewell

November 2019	Action	May 2020
August 7- 19	Call bond election	February 3-14
October 6-22	Publish notice of election	April 2-20
October 15	Post notice of election	April 13
October 2 - Nov 1	Early voting	April 20- April 28
November 5	Election Day	May 2
November 8-18	Canvass election	May 5-13
December	Bond Sale	June

*Subject to change by potential future legislation